

ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN AMBIENT AIR POLLUTION CONCENTRATIONS AND RESPIRATORY EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS AMONG ALL AGE GROUPS IN THE U.S.

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Background

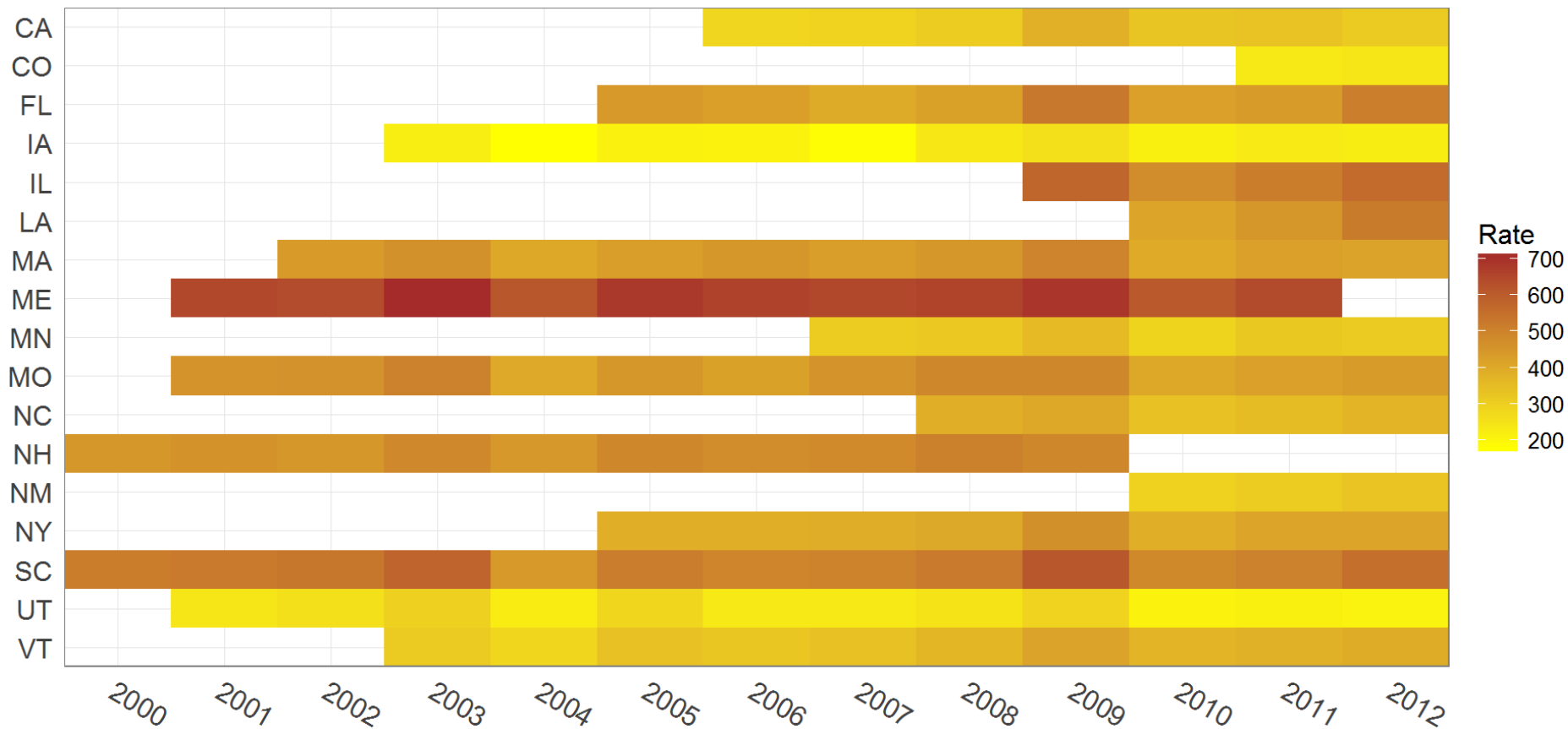
Heather Strosnider, who works at CDC's Environmental Public Health Tracking Program, has collected daily, county-level emergency department (ED) data from 17 states during various years (2001-2012):

- 40 million respiratory ED visits
- All ages

Table: Number of E.D. Visits by Age and Outcome (Millions)

	ICD-9-CM	All	0-<19	19-<65	65+
All	460 – 519	40.0	16.1	16.4	5.9
ARI	460 – 466.0	18.1	9.5	7.2	0.7
Asthma	493	5.8	2.3	2.7	0.4
COPD	491,492,496	2.4	NA	0.9	1.3
Pneumonia	480 – 486	4.7	1.3	1.4	1.7

Rate of Respiratory ED Visits per 10,000 Population by State and Year



HAQAST project

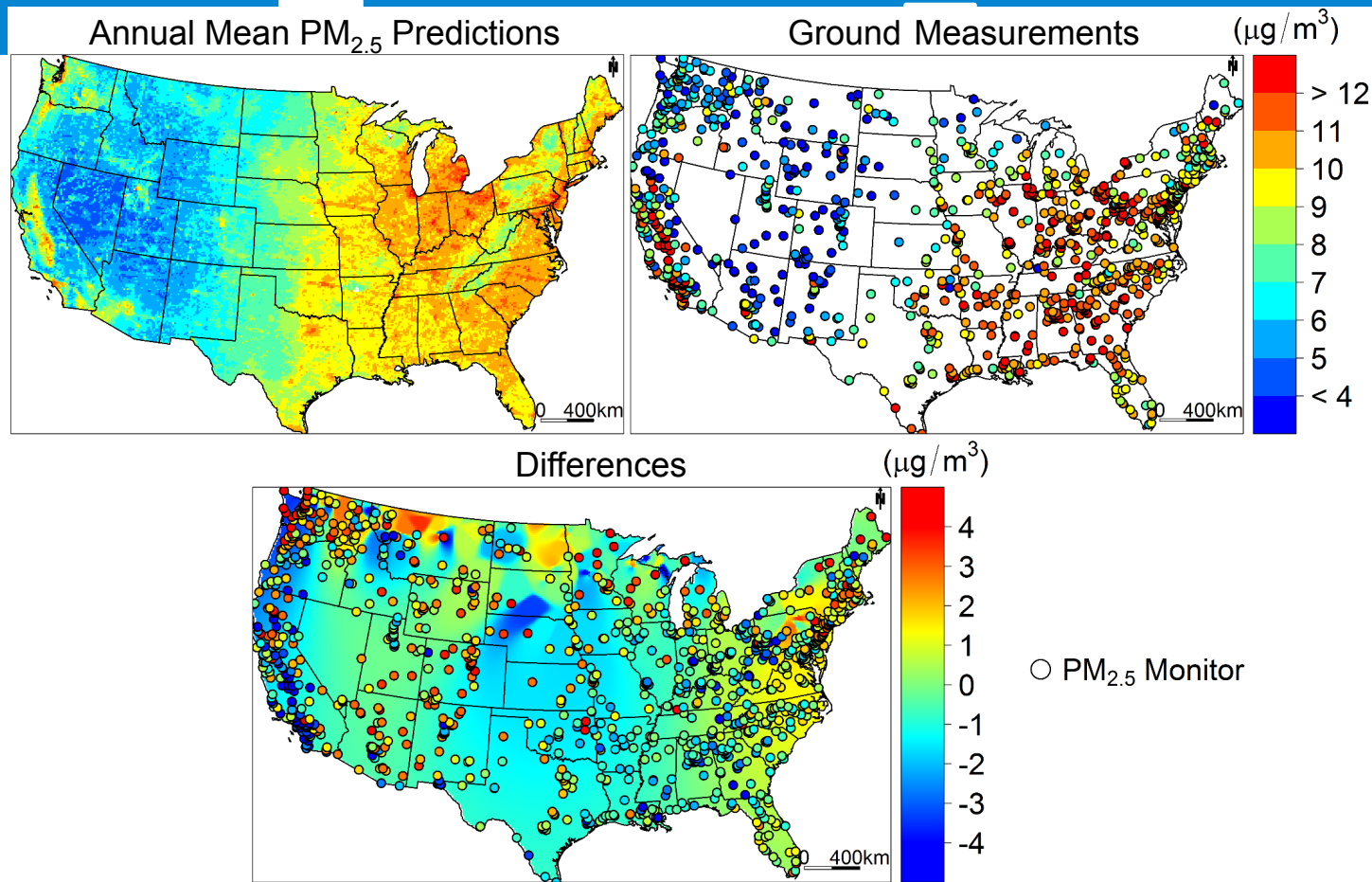
Project goal: Develop a fusion model (NASA earth observations, WRF-CMAQ, ground observations) to be used in conjunction with emergency department data to perform epidemiologic analyses

Methods

Random Forests

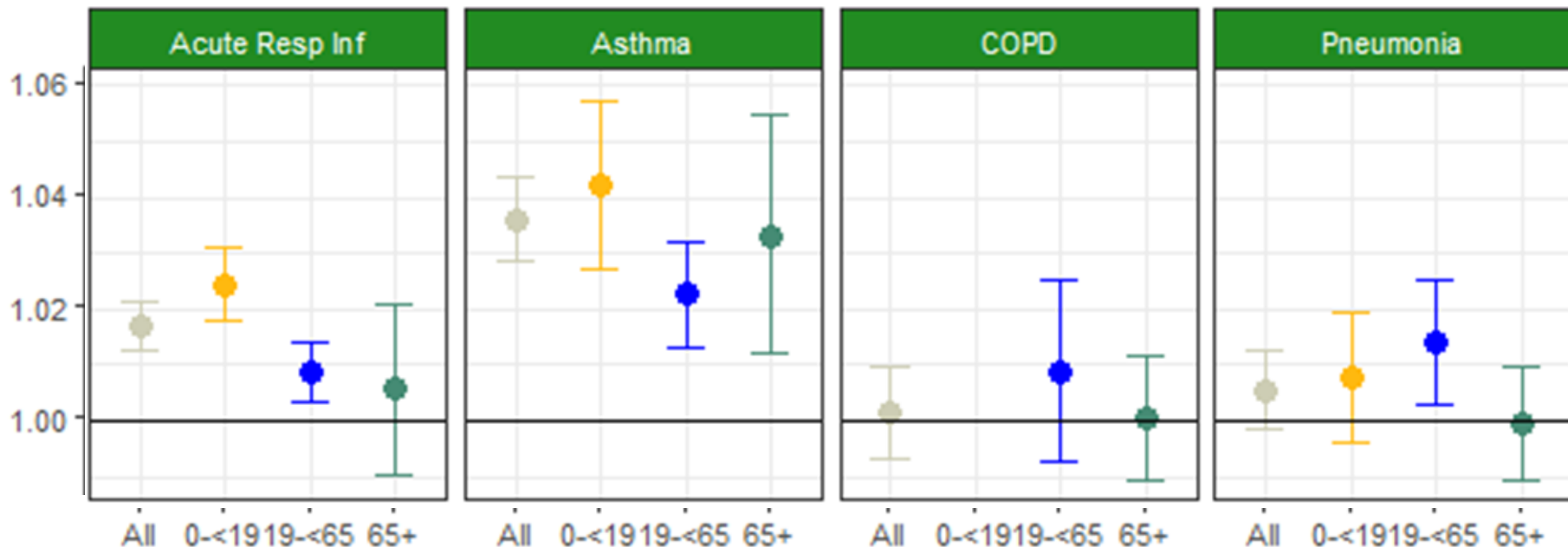
An ensemble learning method that provides multivariate, non-parametric, non-linear regression and classification based on a training dataset and generates predictions with high accuracy and interpretability

- 10-fold cross validation
- Importance measures for predictor variables
 - Increase of mean square errors (MSE) of predictors
 - Increase in node purities



Our results achieve an overall cross validation (CV) R^2 value of 0.80. Mean prediction error (MPE) and root mean squared prediction error (RMSPE) for daily predictions are 1.78 and 2.83 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, respectively.

Rate ratios and 95% CI per 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ increase in lag 0-6 $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ concentrations (controlling for ozone)



Team members

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